Gun Violence in New Mexico

INTRODUCTION
This fact sheet is a summary of data contained in EveryStat for Gun Safety, a free, interactive website that contains data about gun violence by state, county, race and ethnicity, gender, and intent. These materials have been designed for users to better understand how gun violence impacts the communities they care about.

Visit the tool at everytownresearch.org/EveryStat

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IN AN AVERAGE YEAR, 389 PEOPLE DIE BY GUNS IN NEW MEXICO. WITH A RATE OF 18.3 DEATHS PER 100,000 PEOPLE, NEW MEXICO HAS THE 8TH-HIGHEST RATE OF GUN DEATHS IN THE UNITED STATES.

In New Mexico, 67% of gun deaths are suicides and 27% are homicides. This is compared to 61% and 36% respectively, nationwide.

The rate of gun deaths in New Mexico increased 43%↑ from 2009 to 2018, compared to an 18%↑ increase over this same time period nationwide.

In New Mexico, the rate of gun suicide increased 40%↑ and gun homicide increased 59%↑ from 2009 to 2018, compared to a 19%↑ increase and an 18%↑ increase nationwide, respectively.

Among the 33 counties in New Mexico, Bernalillo County contains the state’s largest city, Albuquerque. The county has a rate of 19.2 gun deaths per 100,000 people. For data on all counties, visit the EveryStat for Gun Safety tool online.

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Sources: CDC, Fatal Injury Reports, five-year average: 2014-2018. Percents may not equal 100% due to missing data.

WHAT FOLLOWS IS THE LATEST DATA ON GUN DEATHS IN FOUR CATEGORIES:

I. GUN SUICIDE
An average of 261 people in New Mexico die by gun suicide every year—a rate of 11.8 suicides per 100,000 people. In New Mexico, there is an average of 34 hours between gun suicide deaths.

Across all states, New Mexico has the 6th-highest rate of gun suicides in the country.

White people in New Mexico are 2 times as likely to die by gun suicide as Black people.


II. GUN HOMICIDE
An average of 120 people in New Mexico die by gun homicide every year—a rate of 6.1 homicides per 100,000 people.

Across all states, New Mexico has the 12th-highest rate of gun homicides in the country. Of all homicides in New Mexico, 63% involve a gun, compared to 74% nationally.

In New Mexico, Black people are 4 times as likely to die by gun homicide as white people, compared to 10 times nationwide.


III. CHILDREN AND TEENS GUN DEATHS
Firearms are the 1st-leading cause of death among children and teens in the United States.

In New Mexico, an average of 27 children and teens die by guns every year, and 49% of these deaths are homicides. In the United States, 58% of all gun deaths among children and teens are homicides.

There is insufficient data on gun deaths by race and ethnicity among children and teens for this state to make a comparison.


IV. INTIMATE PARTNER HOMICIDE
From 2014 to 2018, 30 women were fatally shot by an intimate partner in the New Mexico. This represents 83% of all intimate partner gun homicides in the state.

IN AN AVERAGE YEAR, 37,603 PEOPLE DIE BY GUNS IN THE UNITED STATES. THIS EQUATES TO A RATE OF 11.4 DEATHS PER 100,000 PEOPLE.

In the United States, 61% of gun deaths are suicides and 36% are homicides. While Alaska has the highest rate of all gun deaths in the country, Wyoming has the highest rate of gun suicide and DC has the highest rate of gun homicide.

The rate of gun deaths in the United States increased 18%↑ from 2009 to 2018. During that same time period, the rate of gun suicide increased 19%↑ and the rate of gun homicide increased 18%↑.

In the United States, Black people are 2 times as likely to die by guns as their white peers. Across all states, Missouri has the highest rate of gun deaths among Black people, followed by Indiana and Illinois.

For data on all states and counties, visit the EveryStat for Gun Safety tool online.
IN THE US, THERE IS AN AVERAGE OF 23 MINUTES BETWEEN GUN SUICIDE DEATHS.

WHAT FOLLOWS IS THE LATEST DATA ON GUN DEATHS IN FOUR CATEGORIES:

I. GUN SUICIDE
An average of 22,926 people in the US die by gun suicide every year—a rate of 6.7 suicides per 100,000 people. Gun suicide makes up nearly two-thirds of all gun deaths nationwide and one-half of all suicides.

In the US, white people are 3 times as likely to die by gun suicide as Black people.


GUN HOMICIDE BY RACE/ETHNICITY IN THE UNITED STATES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>Deaths Per 100,000 People</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>17.7</td>
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<tr>
<td>American Indian</td>
<td>5.7</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>3.6</td>
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<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>1.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
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</table>

II. GUN HOMICIDE
An average of 13,890 people in the United States die by gun homicide every year—a rate of 4.3 homicides per 100,000 people.

Of all homicides in the United States, 74% involve a gun.

In the United States, Black people are 10 times as likely to die by gun homicide as white people.


III. CHILDREN AND TEENS GUN DEATHS
Firearms are the leading cause of death among children and teens in the US.

In the United States, an average of 3,062 children and teens die by guns every year, and 58% of these deaths are homicides.

Black children and teens in the United States are 14 times as likely as their white peers to die by gun homicide.


IV. INTIMATE PARTNER HOMICIDE
From 2014 to 2018, 3,191 women were fatally shot by an intimate partner in the United States. This represents 80% of all intimate partner gun homicides in the country.

Nearly 1 million women alive today have reported being shot or shot at by an intimate partner.

Intimate partner homicide source: FBI, Supplementary Homicide Reports and Florida Department of Law Enforcement, 2014-2018; Sorensen and Schutt, "Nonfatal Gun Use in Intimate Partner Violence: A Systematic Review of the Literature."